

TRUE/FALSE

1. The Texas Rangers were originally established as a military unit responsible for border Patrol.

- a. True
- b. False

ANS: T PTS: 1

2. In prehistoric times, crimes committed against individuals were handled by the victim or the victim's family.

- a. True
- b. False

ANS: T PTS: 1

3. Henry Fielding was one of London's harshest chief magistrates, sentencing prisoners convicted of even minor crimes, such as petty theft, to the death penalty.

- a. True
- b. False

ANS: F PTS: 1

4. During the political era, African American police officers were often segregated from white police officers.

- a. True
- b. False

ANS: T PTS: 1

5. There are only 50 Tribal Police Agencies in the United States.

- a. True
- b. False

ANS: F PTS: 1

6. Although patterned after the London Metropolitan Police, New York City police officers protested wearing uniforms.

- a. True
- b. False

ANS: T PTS: 1

7. The coroner's principal task is to determine the cause of death and take care of the remains and personal effects of the deceased.

- a. True
- b. False

ANS: T PTS: 1

8. The National Crime Information Center is the national clearinghouse for all DNA information.

- a. True
- b. False

ANS: T PTS: 1

9. The FBI laboratory is the largest criminal laboratory in the world.

- a. True
- b. False

ANS: T PTS: 1

10. O. W. Wilson is considered the "father of American policing."

- a. True
- b. False

ANS: F PTS: 1

MULTIPLE CHOICE

11. Laws are based on _____.

- a. customs
- b. traditions
- c. mores
- d. current need
- e. all of the other choices

ANS: E PTS: 1

12. In prehistoric social orders, the chief of the tribe had which of the following powers?
- a. legislative
 - b. executive
 - c. judicial
 - d. legislative, executive, and judicial
 - e. none of the other choices

ANS: D PTS: 1

13. The first development of a court system came from _____.

- a. Egypt.
- b. Greece
- c. Rome
- d. France
- e. China

ANS: A PTS: 1

14. The first English police officer was the _____.

- a. bobby
- b. sheriff
- c. constable
- d. shire
- e. shire-reeve

ANS: C PTS: 1

15. In England, any person who discovered a crime would raise the _____.

- a. bell ringer's alarm
- b. rattle watch
- c. hue and cry
- d. whistler
- e. Watch and Ward

ANS: C PTS: 1

16. The basic notion of the Code of Hammurabi was _____.

- a. business as usual
- b. the golden rule
- c. reduce building costs
- d. the strong shall not injure the weak
- e. the strong have ultimate power over the weak

ANS: D PTS: 1

17. The ancient philosophy of justice centered around _____.

- a. restitution
- b. retaliation
- c. rehabilitation
- d. ostracism
- e. the court system

ANS: B PTS: 1

18. "Due process" of law was established by the _____.

- a. Code of Hammurabi
- b. Leges Henrici
- c. Magna Carta
- d. Frankpledge system
- e. tithing system

ANS: C PTS: 1

19. In early English law enforcement, the system that provided citizens protection 24 hours a day was known as the _____.

- a. *police des mouers*
- b. hue and cry
- c. Watch and Ward
- d. parish constable system
- e. tithing system

ANS: C PTS: 1

20. During the 14th century, the shire-reeve was replaced by the _____.

- a. king
- b. sheriff
- c. constable
- d. justice of the peace
- e. warden

ANS: D PTS: 1

21. The first detective unit in London was known as _____.

- a. the Bow Street Runners
- b. the Rookeries Squad
- c. the Magistrate's Pride
- d. Peel's Principles
- e. *investigateurs des mouers*

ANS: A PTS: 1

22. In early English policing, which of the following believed that every community member was responsible for preserving law and order?

- a. King Edward I
- b. King John
- c. Sir Robert Peel
- d. King James II
- e. Alfred the Great

ANS: C PTS: 1

23. The Magna Carta laid the foundation for _____.

- a. requiring rulers to uphold the law
- b. providing safeguards against unfair imprisonment
- c. forbidding taxation without representation
- d. requiring rulers to uphold the law, providing safeguards against unfair imprisonment and forbidding taxation without representation
- e. none of the other choices

ANS: D PTS: 1

24. Peel's principles for reform included all *except* _____.

- a. police must be autonomous
- b. every police officer must be given a number
- c. police officers should be hired on a probationary basis
- d. police headquarters should be centrally located
- e. police must be under governmental control

ANS: A PTS: 1

25. In 1883, the London Metropolitan Police appointed two women whose duties were to _____.

- a. search females
- b. keep the records
- c. supervise women convicts
- d. supervise juvenile delinquents
- e. all of the other choices

ANS: C PTS: 1

26. The state that adopted legislation creating the first juvenile court was _____.

- a. Colorado
- b. Illinois
- c. Ohio
- d. New York
- e. Massachusetts

ANS: B PTS: 1

27. The first uniformed American police force was established in _____.

- a. Philadelphia
- b. Boston
- c. Norfolk
- d. Los Angeles
- e. New York

ANS: E PTS: 1

28. The oldest federal law enforcement agency is the _____.

- a. Internal Revenue Service
- b. Bureau of Customs
- c. U.S. Marshals Office
- d. Department of Homeland Security
- e. U.S. Border Patrol

ANS: C PTS: 1

29. The Uniform Crime Reports is a service provided to police agencies throughout the country by the _____.

- a. IRS
- b. FBI
- c. DEA
- d. INS
- e. CIA

ANS: B PTS: 1

30. The U.S. first known detective was _____.

- a. Sir Henry Fielding
- b. Sir Robert Peel
- c. Allan Pinkerton

ANS: C PTS: 1

31. The first director of the FBI was _____.

- a. J. Edgar Hoover
- b. Allan Pinkerton
- c. Roy Bean
- d. O. W. Wilson

ANS: A PTS: 1

32. The agency responsible for protecting the president of the United States is the _____.

- a. FBI
- b. Customs Department
- c. CIA
- d. Secret Service
- e. U.S. Marshals

ANS: D PTS: 1

33. Which agency is charged with the full responsibility for prosecuting suspected violators of federal drug laws _____?

- a. FBI
- b. DEA
- c. BOP
- d. U.S. Marshals
- e. all of these

ANS: B PTS: 1

34. Who is appointed by the president and responsible for protecting government witnesses?

- a. FBI
- b. DEA
- c. BOP
- d. U.S. Marshals
- e. Internal Revenue Service

ANS: D PTS: 1

35. Who is responsible for the care and custody of persons convicted of federal crimes and sentenced to federal penal institutions?

- a. FBI
- b. DEA
- c. BOP
- d. U.S. Marshals
- e. Internal Revenue Service

ANS: C PTS: 1

36. Which agency is the largest bureau of the Department of Treasury?

- a. Secret Service
- b. Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms
- c. U.S. Marshals
- d. Internal Revenue Service
- e. none of the other choices

ANS: D PTS: 1

37. In 1865, the Secret Service was established to _____.

- a. investigate willful tax evasion
- b. enforce the gun control act
- c. investigate fraud
- d. stop the flow of drugs at its source
- e. fight currency counterfeiters

ANS: E PTS: 1

38. The primary investigative agency of the federal government is _____.

- a. FBI
- b. CIA
- c. DEA
- d. Bureau of Customs
- e. U.S. Marshals

ANS: A PTS: 1

39. The largest law office in the country; represents U.S. citizens in enforcing the law _____.

- a. Treasury Department
- b. Secret Service
- c. Bureau of Citizenship and Immigration Services
- d. Bureau of Customs and Border Protection
- e. Department of Justice

ANS: E PTS: 1

40. The first woman hired to actually carry out police duties was _____.

- a. Alice Stebbins Wells
- b. Lola Baldwin
- c. Marie Owens
- d. Elizabeth Drowdy

ANS: B PTS: 1

COMPLETION

41. The _____ prohibits discrimination on the basis of sex, race, color, religion or national origin in employment of any kind, public or private, local, state or federal.

ANS: Equal Employment Opportunity Act

PTS: 1 REF: p. 33

42. The _____ system originated when society was so basic that they enforced laws against murder and theft.

ANS: tithing

PTS: 1 REF: p. 7

43. The _____ is head of the Department of Justice and the chief law officer of the federal government.

ANS: attorney general

PTS: 1 REF: p. 17

44. List the three eras of policing in the order in which they occurred: _____, _____, _____.

ANS: political, reform, community

PTS: 1 REF: p. 25

45. During the Middle Ages, the difference between the constable system and the Watch and Ward system was that the constable system was used in _____ areas and the Watch and Ward system was used in _____ areas.

ANS: rural; urban

PTS: 1 REF: p. 10

46. The _____ movement refers to taking the law into one's own hands in the absence of effective policing.

ANS: vigilante

PTS: 1 REF: p. 16

47. O. W. Wilson was the primary architect of the reform era and the style of policing known as the _____ model.

ANS: professional

PTS: 1 REF: p. 30

48. _____ called into serious question the effectiveness of preventive patrol or rapidity of response, the basic strategies of the reform era.

ANS: The Kansas City Experiment

PTS: 1 REF: p. 32

49. Policing during the reform era was _____; policing during the community era is _____.

ANS: reactive; proactive

PTS: 1 REF: p. 34

50. The legal principle of _____ means "an eye for an eye."

ANS: *lex talionis*

PTS: 1 REF: p. 5

ESSAY

51. Discuss the significant contributions to law enforcement made by Sir Robert Peel.

ANS:
Answer Varies.

PTS: 1 REF: pp. 11–12

52. Explain what the vigilante movement was, why it occurred and who some notable vigilantes were.

ANS:
Answer Varies.

PTS: 1 REF: pp. 16–17

53. Discuss the levels of law enforcement and the various types and functions of officers at each level.

ANS:
Answer Varies.

PTS: 1 REF: p. 24

54. List the four eras of policing and describe the main characteristics of each.

ANS:
Answer Varies.

PTS: 1 REF: pp. 25–37

55. Outline and discuss the Pendleton Act and its accomplishments, if any.

ANS:
Answer Varies.

PTS: 1 REF: p. 27